In the United States Court of Federal Claims

OFFICE OF SPECIAL MASTERS

CHERYL KOEHN, as mother and next friend of No. 11-355V Special Master Christian J. Moran VANESSIA KOEHN. * * Filed: September 15, 2014 Petitioner, * * v. * Attorneys' fees and costs; interim SECRETARY OF HEALTH *award; in the amount to which respondent does not object. AND HUMAN SERVICES, Respondent.

<u>P. Leigh O'Dell</u>, Beasley, Allen, et al., Montgomery, AL, for petitioner; <u>Darryl R. Wishard</u>, United States Dep't of Justice, Washington, DC, for respondent.

UNPUBLISHED DECISION ON INTERIM ATTORNEYS' FEES AND COSTS¹

Cheryl Koehn claims that the human papillomavirus ("HPV") vaccine caused her daughter, Venessia, to suffer from systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis ("sJIA"). Ms. Koehn seeks compensation pursuant to the National Childhood Vaccine Injury Act, 42 U.S.C. §§ 300aa—10 through 34 (2006). Her case remains pending on appeal at the Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit.

Ms. Koehn is now awarded, on interim basis, attorneys' fees and costs in the total amount of \$82,000.00. See Avera v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs., 515

¹ The E-Government Act of 2002, Pub. L. No. 107-347, 116 Stat. 2899, 2913 (Dec. 17, 2002), requires that the Court post this decision on its website. Pursuant to Vaccine Rule 18(b), the parties have 14 days to file a motion proposing redaction of medical information or other information described in 42 U.S.C. § 300aa-12(d)(4). Any redactions ordered by the special master will appear in the document posted on the website.

F.3d 1343, 1352 (Fed. Cir. 2008). Additionally, in compliance with General Order No. 9, Ms. Koehn states that she has not incurred any out-of-pocket litigation expenses while pursuing this claim.

On June 7, 2014, Ms. Koehn filed an application for an award of interim attorneys' fees and costs, seeking a total of \$90,842.59. This request includes work performed by Ms. Koehn's current attorney, Patricia Leigh O'Dell, from the filing of Ms. Koehn's petition on June 6, 2011, through October 31, 2013. After two extensions of time, Ms. Koehn filed a joint stipulation on August 29, 2014, stating that the parties have agreed on a (reduced) amount for interim attorney's fees and costs to be awarded to Ms. Koehn and to which respondent will not object.

Regardless of whether they entitled to compensation, petitioners who bring their petition in good faith and who have a reasonable basis for the petition may be awarded attorneys' fees and costs. See 42 U.S.C. § 300aa–15(e)(1). In Avera v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs., the Federal Circuit stated that awards of attorneys' fees and costs on an interim basis are permitted in the Vaccine Program. 515 F.3d 1343, 1352 (Fed. Cir. 2008). Respondent does not object or dispute that Ms. Koehn's petition was filed in good faith and with a reasonable basis. See Stipulation, filed Aug. 29, 2014, at 1.

A subsidiary question is whether an award of attorneys' fees and costs should be made now, that is, on an interim basis. This issue involves consideration of various factors, including protracted proceedings, costly experts, and undue hardship. Avera, 515 F.3d at 1351-52; McKellar v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs., 101 Fed. Cl. 297, 300-01 (2011) (discussing Avera factors).

Ms. Koehn satisfies these factors. The case has been pending for over three years without any previous award of interim fees and costs. Shortly following the filing of her petition, Ms. Koehn provided reports from her expert, Dr. McCabe Exhibit 9, filed Aug. 24, 2011; exhibit 27, filed Oct. 3, 2011. On November 14, 2011, respondent filed her Vaccine Rule 4(c) report, denying that the case was appropriate for compensation. The parties then submitted briefs in preparation for

² The finding that the petition was supported by good faith and reasonable basis is not intended to suggest whether Ms. Koehn is entitled to compensation.

an entitlement hearing. Ms. Koehn's expert testified during the entitlement hearing on June 21, 2012 in Washington, DC.

A decision denying entitlement to compensation was issued on May 30, 2013. <u>Decision</u>, 2013 WL 3214877 (Fed. Cl. Spec. Mstr. May 30, 2013). Ms. Koehn filed a motion for review of this decision. Pet'r's Mot., filed July 1, 2013. The Court of Federal Claims denied Ms. Koehn's motion. <u>C.K. v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs.</u>, 113 Fed. Cl. 757 (Fed. Cl. 2013). On February 4, 2014, Ms. Koehn filed an appeal to Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit. Her appeal is currently pending and oral argument has been scheduled.

Ms. Koehn has filed her petition in good faith and with a reasonable basis. Her counsel has diligently represented her at hearing and throughout her case and pending appeal, thus, she is entitled to an award of interim attorneys' fees and costs.

After a determination that Ms. Koehn is entitled to an award of attorneys' fees and costs, the next question is to decide the reasonable amount. A review of the materials offered in support of the motion for interim attorneys' fees and costs indicates that the (reduced) requested amount is reasonable. Therefore, Ms. Koehn is awarded the amount to which respondent did not object.

There is no just reason to delay the entry of judgment on interim attorneys' fees and costs. Therefore, in the absence of a motion for review filed under RCFC Appendix B, the clerk of court shall enter judgment in petitioner's favor. Those fees and costs are awarded as follows:

A lump sum payment of \$82,000.00, in the form of a check payable to petitioner and petitioner's counsel of record, Patricia Leigh O'Dell.

The Clerk shall enter judgment accordingly.³

³ Pursuant to Vaccine Rule 11(a), the parties can expedite entry of judgment by each party filing a notice renouncing the right to seek review by a United States Court of Federal Claims judge.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

s/Christian J. Moran Christian J. Moran Special Master